

Government of Nepal Ministry of Health and Population Department of Health Services

Epidemiology and Disease Control Division

SITREP NO.

20

Friday, August 16, 2024

SITUATION REPORT ON DENGUE IN NEPAL-2024

1-Jan to 16-Aug

Reported Dengue Cases

3755

Verified Deaths*

2

Affected Districts

74

Districts with >500 cases

1



DENG	UE CASES BY PROVI	TOP TEN DISTRICTS						
Province	No. of Dengue Cases	% of National Burden	Case per 100,000 population	District	No. of Dengue Cases	% of National Burden		
коѕні	639	17.0%	12.9	407 TANAHU	715	19.0%		
MADHESH	65	1.7%	1.0	306 KATHMANDU	354	9.4%		
BAGMATI	928	24.7%	14.9	405 KASKI	274	7.3%		
GANDAKI	1448	38.6%	60.0	111 JHAPA	147	3.9%		
LUMBINI	328	8.7%	6.4	313 CHITAWAN	145	3.9%		
KARNALI	52	1.4%	3.1	410 PARBAT	136	3.6%		
SUDUR PASHCHIM	295	7.9%	11.0	312 MAKWANPUR	90	2.4%		
CONTACT US		Email: ewarsedcd@gmail.com		401 GORKHA	85	2.3%		
Government of Nepal Ministry of Health and Population Epidemiology and Disease Control Division		Web: www.edcd.	gov.np	102 SANKHUWASABHA	83	2.2%		
Teku, Kathmandu	<u>r</u>	Phone: 014255796	3	106 BHOJPUR	82	2.2%		

डेंगीबाट बच्न लामखुद्देको टोकाईबाट जोगिऔ, व्यक्तिगत सूरक्षाका उपायहरू अपनाओं!!



बच्ज-

- पानी जम्मा गरि राखिएका पानीको ट्यांकी, ड्रम, गाग्री, बाट्टीनलाई लामखुट्टे छिर्न नपाउने गरी राम्रोसंग छोपेर राखनुहोस्।
- 🖲 आपनो घर वस्पर, कार्यस्थल र सार्वजनिक स्थानहरूमा फालिएका काम नलाग्ने भाँडाकुँडा, सिसी, बोतल, टिनका बहा, प्लास्टिकजन्य वस्तुहरू तथा पानी जम्न सवने अन्य भाँडा तथा समाग्रीहरूलाई पानी नजम्ने गरी व्यवस्थापन गर्नुहोस् ।
- े **छाना तथ अन्य स्थानमा जथाभावी फालिएका सवारी साधनका** टायरहरुटााई पानी जम्न नपाउने गरि छोपेर राखनुहोस् **वा** आकाशे पानीको पहुँचबाट टाढा राखनुहोस् ।
- 🔋 घर बाहिर वा भित्र राखिएका फूलका गमला वा गमला मुनिका प्लेटहरुमा जमेको पानी **कमितमा हप्ताको एक पटक फालेर गमला तथा प्लेटलाई रामोसँग सफा गर्नुहोस्** ।
- 🗟 बिहान, दिउँसो, राती जुनसुकै बेला सुत्दा पनि झूलको प्रयोग गर्नुहोस्।
- घर भित्र लामखुट्टे छिर्न नदिन सम्भव भएसम्म झ्याल तथा ढोकाहरुमा सानो प्वाल भएको जाली प्रयोग गर्नुहोस् ।
- 🔊 पुरा शरीर ढाक्ने तथा लामो बाहुला भएका लुगा लगाउनुहोस् ।
- 🔊 **शरीरको खुल्ला भागमा** लामखुट्टे भगाउने मलम (Repellent) को प्रयोग गर्नुहोस् ।

	DISTRICT	AND MONTH WI	SE DI	ISTR	IBU	TIOI	I OF	DEN	GUI	E CA	SES	(202	24)		
SN	PROVINCE	DISTRICT	JAN*	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY*	JUN*	JUL*	AUG*	SEP	ост	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
1	KOSHI PROVINCE KOSHI PROVINCE	TAPLEJUNG SANKHUWASABHA	3	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	3 83
3	KOSHI PROVINCE	SOLUKHUMBU	2	8	6	6	1	5	27 1	24	0	0	0	0	4
4	KOSHI PROVINCE	OKHALDHUNGA	5	17	6	3	7	8	14	8	0	0	0	0	68
5	KOSHI PROVINCE	KHOTANG	1	0	1	1	1	6	5	3	0	0	0	0	18
6	KOSHI PROVINCE	BHOJPUR	4	4	2	4	9	17	25	17	0	0	0	0	82
7	KOSHI PROVINCE	DHANKUTA	2	5	5	1	2	29	15	10	0	0	0	0	69
9	KOSHI PROVINCE KOSHI PROVINCE	TERHATHUM PANCHTHAR	0	0	0	0	2	10	13 4	1	0	0	0	0	26 11
10	KOSHI PROVINCE	ILAM	8	3	3	4	2	11	6	1	0	0	0	0	38
11	KOSHI PROVINCE	JHAPA	22	18	11	10	44	15	10	17	0	0	0	0	147
12	KOSHI PROVINCE	MORANG	8	1	2	1	1	2	5	13	0	0	0	0	33
13	KOSHI PROVINCE	SUNSARI	5	3	3	4	3	4	12	9	0	0	0	0	43
14	KOSHI PROVINCE TOTAL (KOSHI)	UDAYAPUR	62	60	1 41	0 34	2 81	107	142	5 112	0	0	0	0	14 639
15	MADHESH PROVINCE	SAPTARI	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
16	MADHESH PROVINCE	SIRAHA	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	4	0	0	0	0	7
17	MADHESH PROVINCE	DHANUSA	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
18	MADUISH PROVINCE	MAHOTTARI	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
19	MADHESH PROVINCE MADHESH PROVINCE	SARLAHI RAUTAHAT	0	0	0	0	5	3	1 2	5 1	0	0	0	0	8 16
21	MADHESH PROVINCE	BARA	2	2	1	1	2	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	14
22	MADHESH PROVINCE	PARSA	2	1	0	1	1	0	1	6	0	0	0	0	12
	TOTAL (MADHESH)		6	3	2	8	9	10	9	18	0	0	0	0	65
23	BAGMATI PROVINCE	DOLAKHA	0	1	2	2	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	10
24	BAGMATI PROVINCE BAGMATI PROVINCE	SINDHUPALCHOK RASUWA	1	10	26	2	5	0	13	6	0	0	0	0	65 2
25 26	BAGMATI PROVINCE	DHADING	2	0	0	0	2	0	5	4	0	0	0	0	13
27	BAGMATI PROVINCE	NUWAKOT	4	0	2	2	2	4	3	3	0	0	0	0	20
28	BAGMATI PROVINCE	KATHMANDU	16	7	14	36	32	53	111	85	0	0	0	0	354
29	BAGMATI PROVINCE	BHAKTAPUR	14	3	2	3	4	8	7	13	0	0	0	0	54
30	BAGMATI PROVINCE BAGMATI PROVINCE	LALITPUR KAVREPALANCHOK	10 2	1	4	2	1 8	2	11	31	0	0	0	0	62 79
31 32	BAGMATI PROVINCE	RAMECHHAP	2	7	0	0	1	15	36 3	16	0	0	0	0	16
33	BAGMATI PROVINCE	SINDHULI	2	3	1	1	0	3	5	3	0	0	0	0	18
34	BAGMATI PROVINCE	MAKWANPUR	11	11	13	12	9	9	15	10	0	0	0	0	90
35	BAGMATI PROVINCE	CHITAWAN	10	10	11	25	17	7	36	29	0	0	0	0	145
	TOTAL (BAGMATI)	CODINIA	75	55	75	86	82	104	248	203	0	0	•	0	928
36 37	GANDAKI PROVINCE GANDAKI PROVINCE	GORKHA MANANG	12 0	0	0	3	0	6	23 0	38	0	0	0	0	85 2
38	GANDAKI PROVINCE	MUSTANG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
39	GANDAKI PROVINCE	MYAGDI	6	3	2	1	1	7	11	7	0	0	0	0	38
40	GANDAKI PROVINCE	KASKI	18	1	0	1	4	9	86	155	0	0	0	0	274
41	GANDAKI PROVINCE	LAMJUNG	12	0	0	7	7	4	20	7	0	0	0	0	57
42	GANDAKI PROVINCE GANDAKI PROVINCE	TANAHU NAWALPARASI EAST	8 6	0	2	11	17	11	272	394	0	0	0	0	715 45
43	GANDAKI PROVINCE	SYANGJA	5	5	3	3	4	3	11 19	11 22	0	0	0	0	62
45	GANDAKI PROVINCE	PARBAT	1	0	2	1	2	3	18	109	0	0	0	0	136
46	GANDAKI PROVINCE	BAGLUNG	0	2	4	0	2	1	12	13	0	0	0	0	34
	TOTAL (GANDAKI)		68	14	18	28	43	48	472	757	0	0	0	0	1448
47	LUMBINI PROVINCE LUMBINI PROVINCE	RUKUM EAST ROLPA	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
48	LUMBINI PROVINCE	PYUTHAN	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	7	0	0	0	0	5
50	LUMBINI PROVINCE	GULMI	3	3	2	2	3	3	4	8	0	0	0	0	28
51	LUMBINI PROVINCE	ARGHAKHANCHI	0	1	2	2	6	9	9	8	0	0	0	0	37
52	LUMBINI PROVINCE	PALPA	4	6	10	2	0	11	26	19	0	0	0	0	78
53	LUMBINI PROVINCE	NAWALPARASI WEST	1	0	2	0	0	1	4	2	0	0	0	0	10
54 55	LUMBINI PROVINCE LUMBINI PROVINCE	RUPANDEHI KAPILBASTU	3 6	8	6	9	0	0	12 0	11 3	0	0	0	0	53 17
56	LUMBINI PROVINCE	DANG	3	4	1	2	4	8	11	19	0	0	0	0	52
57	LUMBINI PROVINCE	BANKE	0	1	1	7	1	1	5	2	0	0	0	0	18
58	LUMBINI PROVINCE	BARDIYA	0	0	0	1	7	2	3	3	0	0	0	0	16
	TOTAL (LUMBINI)	DOLDA	20	25	29	31	23	40	76	84	0	0	0	0	328
59 60	KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE	DOLPA MUGU	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
61	KARNALI PROVINCE	HUMLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		JUMLA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
62	KARNALI PROVINCE		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
62 63	KARNALI PROVINCE	KALIKOT					2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
62 63 64	KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE	DAILEKH	0	0	0	1								-	
62 63 64 65	KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE	DAILEKH JAJARKOT	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
62 63 64	KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE	DAILEKH	0	-						0 3 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	-	1 10 4
62 63 64 65 66	KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE	DAILEKH JAJARKOT RUKUM WEST	0 0 0	0 2	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	10
62 63 64 65 66 67 68	KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE TOTAL (KARNALI)	DAILEKH JAJARKOT RUKUM WEST SALYAN SURKHET	0 0 0 0 0	0 2 0 0	1 3 0 2 6	0 1 1 0	0 0 1 0	0 1 1 1 5	0 0 1 9	3 0 14 20	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	10 4 26 52
62 63 64 65 66 67 68	KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE TOTAL (KARNALI) SUDUR PASHCHIM PROVINCE	DAILEKH JAJARKOT RUKUM WEST SALYAN SURKHET	0 0 0 0 0	0 2 0 0 2 4	1 3 0 2 6 5	0 1 1 0 4	0 0 1 0 3	0 1 1 1 5	0 0 1 9 12	3 0 14 20	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10 4 26 52 17
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69	KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE TOTAL (KARNALI) SUDUR PASHCHIM PROVINCE SUDUR PASHCHIM PROVINCE	DAILEKH JAJARKOT RUKUM WEST SALYAN SURKHET BAJURA BAJHANG	0 0 0 0 0	0 2 0 0 2 4	1 3 0 2 6 5	0 1 1 0 4 1	0 0 1 0 3 1	0 1 1 1 5 2 2	0 0 1 9 12 1	3 0 14 20 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10 4 26 52 17 5
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70	KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE TOTAL (KARNALI) SUDUR PASHCHIM PROVINCE	DAILEKH JAJARKOT RUKUM WEST SALYAN SURKHET	0 0 0 0 0	0 2 0 0 2 4	1 3 0 2 6 5 0	0 1 1 0 4 1 1	0 0 1 0 3	0 1 1 1 5 2 2 6	0 0 1 9 12 1 1 5	3 0 14 20 1 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	10 4 26 52 17
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69	KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE TOTAL (KARNALI) SUDUR PASHCHIM PROVINCE SUDUR PASHCHIM PROVINCE SUDUR PASHCHIM PROVINCE	DAILEKH JAJARKOT RUKUM WEST SALYAN SURKHET BAJURA BAJHANG DARCHULA	0 0 0 0 0 0 2	0 2 0 0 2 4 0	1 3 0 2 6 5	0 1 1 0 4 1	0 0 1 0 3 1 1	0 1 1 1 5 2 2	0 0 1 9 12 1	3 0 14 20 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10 4 26 52 17 5
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71	KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE TOTAL (KARNALI) SUDUR PASHCHIM PROVINCE SUDUR PASHCHIM PROVINCE SUDUR PASHCHIM PROVINCE SUDUR PASHCHIM PROVINCE	DAILEKH JAJARKOT RUKUM WEST SALYAN SURKHET BAJHANG DARCHULA BAITADI	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0	0 2 0 0 2 4 0 0	1 3 0 2 6 5 0 0	0 1 1 0 4 1 1 1	0 0 1 0 3 1 1 7	0 1 1 1 5 2 2 2 6	0 0 1 9 12 1 1 5 3	3 0 14 20 1 0 1 5	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10 4 26 52 17 5 20
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74	KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE TOTAL (KARNALI) SUDUR PASHCHIM PROVINCE	DAILEKH JAJARKOT RUKUM WEST SALYAN SURKHET BAJURA BAJHANG DARCHULA BAITADI DADELDHURA DOTI ACHHAM	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0	0 2 0 0 2 4 0 0 0 0 0 8	1 3 0 2 6 5 0 0 0 1 9	0 1 1 0 4 1 1 1 0 0 6	0 0 1 0 3 1 1 7 0 2 2	0 1 1 1 5 2 2 6 3 2 20 9	0 0 1 9 12 1 1 5 3 3 4	3 0 14 20 1 0 1 5 2 2	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10 4 26 52 17 5 20 11 10 55 61
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75	KARNALI PROVINCE SUDUR PASHCHIM PROVINCE	DAILEKH JAJARKOT RUKUM WEST SALYAN SURKHET BAJHANG DARCHULA BAITADI DADELDHURA DOTI ACHHAM KAILALI	0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0	0 2 0 0 2 4 0 0 0 0 0 8	1 3 0 2 6 5 0 0 0 1 1 9	0 1 1 0 4 1 1 1 0 0 6 12 9	0 0 1 0 3 1 1 7 0 2 2 2 2 6	0 1 1 1 5 2 2 6 3 2 20 9	0 0 1 9 12 1 1 5 3 3 4 17	3 0 14 20 1 0 1 5 2 2 11 23	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10 4 26 32 17 5 20 11 10 55 61
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74	KARNALI PROVINCE SUDUR PASHCHIM PROVINCE	DAILEKH JAJARKOT RUKUM WEST SALYAN SURKHET BAJURA BAJHANG DARCHULA BAITADI DADELDHURA DOTI ACHHAM	0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 2 0 0 0 2 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 8 0	1 3 0 2 6 5 0 0 0 1 9 10 7	0 1 1 0 4 1 1 1 0 0 6 12 9	0 0 1 0 3 1 1 7 0 2 2 2 2 6 4	0 1 1 1 5 2 2 6 3 2 20 9 8	0 0 1 9 12 1 1 5 3 3 4 17 15 9	3 0 14 20 1 0 1 5 2 2 2 11 23 4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10 4 26 52 17 5 20 11 10 55 61 77 39
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75	KARNALI PROVINCE SUDUR PASHCHIM PROVINCE	DAILEKH JAJARKOT RUKUM WEST SALYAN SURKHET BAJHANG DARCHULA BAITADI DADELDHURA DOTI ACHHAM KAILALI	0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0	0 2 0 0 2 4 0 0 0 0 0 8	1 3 0 2 6 5 0 0 0 1 1 9	0 1 1 0 4 1 1 1 0 0 6 12 9	0 0 1 0 3 1 1 7 0 2 2 2 2 6	0 1 1 1 5 2 2 6 3 2 20 9	0 0 1 9 12 1 1 5 3 3 4 17	3 0 14 20 1 0 1 5 2 2 11 23	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10 4 26 32 17 5 20 11 10 55 61
62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75	KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE KARNALI PROVINCE TOTAL (KARNALI) SUDUR PASHCHIM PROVINCE	DAILEKH JAJARKOT RUKUM WEST SALYAN SURKHET BAJHANG DARCHULA BAITADI DADELDHURA DOTI ACHHAM KAILALI	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 2 0 0 0 2 4 0 0 0 0 0 8 0 8 4 4 1 8 1 1 8 1 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1	1 3 0 2 6 5 0 0 0 1 9 10 7 7 39 210	0 1 1 0 4 1 1 1 0 0 6 12 9	0 0 1 0 3 1 1 7 0 2 2 2 6 4 25	0 1 1 1 5 2 2 6 3 2 20 9 8 0	0 0 1 9 12 1 1 5 3 3 4 17 15 9	3 0 14 20 1 0 1 5 2 2 2 11 23 4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10 4 26 52 17 5 20 11 10 55 61 77 39 295

SITUATION OF CHOLERA IN NEPAL

(Lalitpur, Kathmandu, Kailali, Pyuthan)

Situation Report #09 16 August 2024



HIGHLIGHTS

As of 16 August 2024, a total of 55 cases of Cholera has been identified from Lalitpur (41), Kathmandu (4), Kailali (8), Pyuthan (2) of Nepal.

New culture confirmed cases in the last 24 hours: 2 (Lalitpur)

Current admission: 0

Recovered: 55

No deaths associated with Acute Watery Diarrhea (AWD) or Cholera has been reported as of today. Each district has separate focal outbreaks that are not linked to each other.

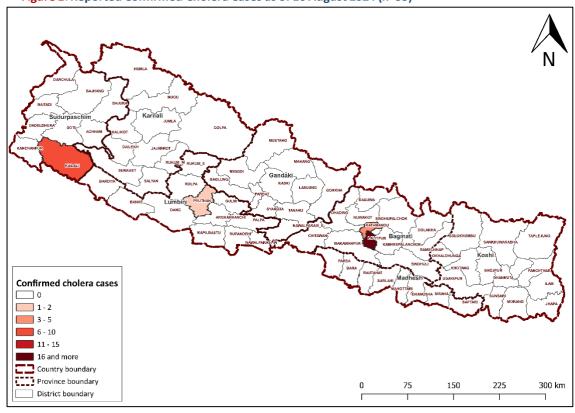
<u>Lalitpur</u>: 19 July 2024: 16-year-old male with suspected diarrhea and vomiting was confirmed as cholera on 22 July 2024. Additional 10 cases have been reported with links to the first case all residing in Rehab center (with inhabitants-67) in Godawari Municipality, ward-14. Remaining cases not linked to rehab center and associated with ongoing flood in areas of Lalitpur.

<u>Kailali</u>: 25 July 2024: 2 cases of culture confirmed Cholera was reported from Dhangadhi Sub-Metropolitan, Ward-1, Kailali. Additional investigation identified 6 culture confirmed cases in a congregated household with 6 families. No new case detected till date.

<u>Kathmandu</u>: 29 July 2024: 1 new case identified from Balkhu. 2 stool confirmed case of Cholera reported till date. Active case finding by local RRT ongoing in Balkhu.

<u>Pyuthan:</u> 4 August 2024: 2 new culture confirmed cases of Cholera has been reported from Gaumukhi Rural Municipality, ward-5 from Lumbini Province. A total of 10 suspected cases from same family had symptoms of AWD since 1 August. Member of family have travel history to India. No new case detected.

Figure 1: Reported Confirmed Cholera Cases as of 16 August 2024 (n=55)



IN NUMBERS

As of 16 August 2024

Lalitpur
 Confirmed cases
 Hospitalized cases
 Death

2. Kathmandu
4
Confirmed cases
0
Hospitalized cases
0
Death

3. Kailali
8
Confirmed cases
0
Hospitalized cases
0
Death

4. Pyuthan
2
Confirmed cases
0
Hospitalized cases
0
Death

CONTEXT AND CHALLENGES

- In Nepal, Cholera has been endemic with numerous sporadic outbreaks in the past.
- Majority of the cases gets reported as large outbreak of Acute Watery Diarrhea (AWD) and sporadically gets reported through national EWARS system as Acute Gastroenteritis (AGE) or culture confirmed cases of Cholera.
- The country is at high risk for outbreaks due to a steady increase in urban population density accompanied by an inadequate supply of safe drinking water and pre-existing sanitation and sewage infrastructure concerns.
- Contributing factors:
 - Chlorine untreated community supply water used for drinking
 - Heavy rainfall and drainage overflow causing contamination of water sources
 - Lack of proper Food hygiene monitoring mechanism
 - O Rapid in and out migration and rapid urbanization
 - o Insufficient resources to conduct effective response activities in hot spots.

↔

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL UPDATE

- In Nepal, as of 16 August 2024, a total of 55 culture confirmed cases of cholera have been reported, of which all were screened by RDT as per the national RDT testing protocol. Four separate foci have been reported. There are no epidemiological linkages between reported districts. Lalitpur district is showing ongoing transmission
- Cases continue to be confirmed by culture in reference laboratory of the country, indicating active circulation of Vibrio cholerae O:1 Ogawa. Based on the achieved report, among 55 reported cases 31 are male, 24 are female and 9 are aged 14 years and younger (figure 3).
- Majority of the cases reported some or severe signs of dehydration requiring hospital admission and antibiotic treatment.
- No deaths of cholera confirmed case have been reported (Case Fatality Rate 0%) from reported districts
- Cluster outbreak was reported in Lalitpur (n=10, 14.9%) from a drug rehab center (with 67 inhabitants) in Godawari Municipality, ward 14. All cases in rehab centers had common exposure. One caretaker in treating hospital was confirmed for cholera after 3 days of exposure. The epidemic was linked to use of drainage contaminated well as drinking water source following heavy rainfall and flooding. Remaining sporadic cases are being notified from Lalitpur associated with flood water entering houses.
- Similarly, Kailali reported 8 confirmed cases (28.6%) from a same household with 6 families (28 member) residing on Dhangadhi-1, Tribeni Chowk. The epidemic was linked fecal contaminated stored drinking water likely to be contaminated from a carrier source. No new cases have been reported recently.
- Similarly, Pyuthan District reported 2 confirmed cases (20%) from a single family (10 member) in Gaumukhi Rural Municipality Ward-5, Lumbini Province. Two members have travel history to India in last seven days, however, not enough evidence on epilinkage. No new cases have been reported from same foci however, 1 case was reported in a referred case from Butwal however preliminary investigation relates exposure in Kathmandu Valley.

Figure 2. Distribution of confirmed cases of cholera by districts in Nepal as of 16 August 2024

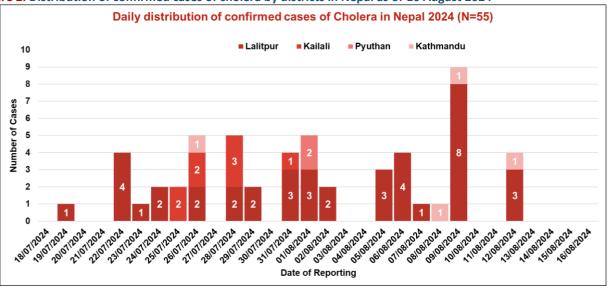


Figure 3. Distribution of suspected cases of cholera by age - sex in Nepal as of 16 August 2024

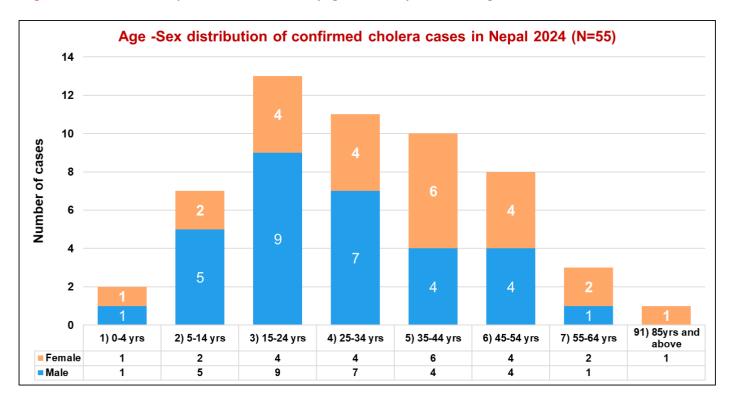
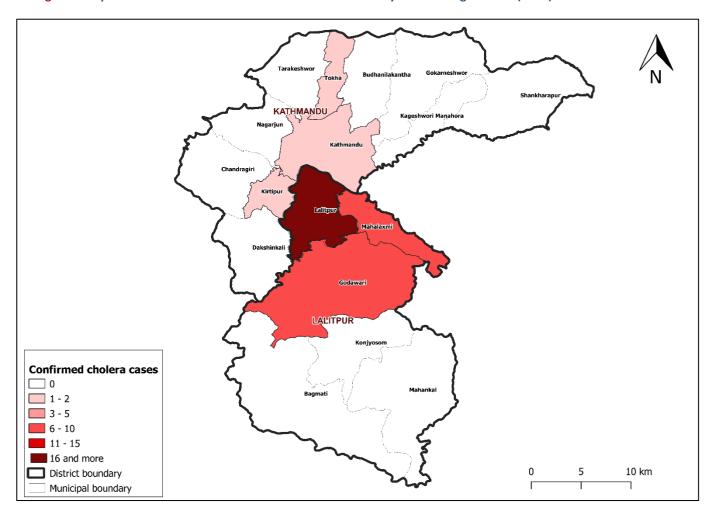


Figure 4. Reported Confirmed Cholera Cases in Kathmandu Valley as of 16 August 2024 (n=45)





EDCD continues to support national health authorities and operational partners in provinces and districts in prioritizing the cholera response in affected districts. Overall responses as follows:

Coordination and leadership

- Ongoing coordination with all three Provincial health Ministries, Provincial health directorates, PHEOCs, District Administrative Offices (DAO), Disaster Management Committees, provincial public health labs, National reference laboratory (NPHL) and health facilities daily for enhanced responses.
- Local municipalities coordinating with respective districts and Districts Administrative Offices (DAO) for effective response through meetings
- Weekly coordination meeting is held to discuss and strategize the cholera response in affected districts, coordinated from PHEOCs.
- WASH cluster meetings involving all stakeholders to channelize responses at provincial and local municipality levels.
- Open communication and collaboration with all partners involved in the response including WHO, UNICEF and other local NGOs (eg, ENPHO Nepal, Red cross and Water Aid).
- Expert meeting to discuss on the current situation and seek exert advice and dissemination of recommendations
- Presentation of the disease's epidemiological situation at coordination meetings at EDCD, Provincial meetings and a WASH cluster meeting.
- EDCD and provinces coordinating with sentinel hospitals in affected districts for preparedness

Epidemiological and laboratory surveillance

- Health Directorate and affected district have mobilized the Rapid Response Teams (RRTs) from districts and local
 municipalities for active case finding and testing for laboratory conformation of cases. Federal RRTs provided technical
 support in Kathmandu Valley.
- In addition, Health directorates continue to monitor and support the rapid investigation of cholera alerts and response activities including supporting alignment of trained Field Epidemiologists to support surveillance and alert investigation activities.
- Investigation and response were carried out with 100% of alerts were investigated within 48 hours by the RRT teams in Lalitpur and Kailali.
- Provincial PHEOCs coordinated the collection and transportation of samples to reference labs for initial confirmation.
 Also, coordinated testing of water samples from various sites for Fecal E. Coli detection as a proxy indicator to Vibrio Cholera. Logistics demands are being met in culture sites like
- Targeted Surveillance in few districts with Enhancing Cholera control (ECHO) Project In Nepal
- EDCD coordinating with sentinel sites and districts to meet the demand of Cholera RDTs (RDT based Cholera Surveillance SOP; https://edcd.gov.np/resource-detail/sop-rdt-based-cholera-surveillance-2024)
- Continued media monitoring from PHEOCs in affected provinces.
- Call center (1115) mechanism being used for active follow up of cases and signal detection for acute watery diarrhea
- Detailing of epidemiological and response data via event management systems
- Information compilation and coordination via PHEOCs

Case management

- All health facilities (n=144) have been alerted by the provincial and district offices to prepare for case management and referral services.
- Logistic supplies like ORS, IV fluids and stock of doxycycline tablets have been assessed from nearby outbreak health facilities including Sukraraj Tropical and Infectious Disease Hospital (STIDH), Seti Hospital, Pyuthan District Hospital, and other nearby private hospitals.
- Seti Hospital, Pyuthan hospital, PAHS, KIST, STIDH have managed majority of the case. Cholera kits arranged for strategic placement by WHO.

WASH

Awareness activities:

- Dissemination of WASH and cholera-related messages through social media platforms such as Facebook and Instagram.
- Orientation on cholera prevention and control for the ward elected members and the community disaster management committee of Kathmandu.
- Orientation on WASH and cholera prevention and control for the youth at School in Kathmandu Metropolitan City.
- Orientation on WASH and cholera prevention and control for youth club members, women's groups, and FCHVs.

Response activities:

Godawari Municipality

- Demonstration of preparing 1% chlorine solution using bleaching powder and FRC test methods for the members of the Rehabilitation Center.
- Support of 5 liters of 1% chlorine solution to the members of the Rehabilitation Center at Godawari Municipality, Ward No. 14.
- Provided orientation on preparing a 1% chlorine solution using bleaching powder, mass chlorination, and FRC test methods to the water users and sanitation committees of Godawari Municipality. 60 people were trained.
- Provided Piyush Plus to Godawari Municipality, Ward No. 14, for distribution to the necessary households.

Lalitpur Metropolitan City

- Completion of disinfection of Rehab center with drinking water and sanitation authorities testing levels of FRC (maintained at 0.2mg/l on 25 July)
- Orientation on hand hygiene and Point-of-Use (PoU) options provided to the community members in Lalitpur Metropolitan City, Ward No. 8.
- Water quality testing using P/A vials for three different water sources in the same area.
- School awareness and rallies being organized in ward 27 of Lalitpur in coordination with ENPHO. Booth to be set up with help of FCHVs, orientation ongoing
- Sites with mass gathering like Nagdah Festival gathering has been alerted and WASH awareness carried
- Miking and jingles have been carried out by Metropolitan police

Mahalaxmi Municipality

- Mayor, ward offices, management committee oriented on Cholera, day after case identification
- Rallies have been organized in wards
- Sensitization meeting held on with mayor, ward officials, WASH stakeholders, organized by Lalitpur district
- Supporting partners asked to conduct extensive campaign targeting wards specially with poor hygiene

Dhangadhi Sub-metropolitan

- With coordination with Khane Pani Sansthan, distribution of PIYUS carried out in households
- FCHVs were deployed for health education and awareness in the community
- More WASH related items like PIYUSH and Chlorine tablets are being

Gaumukhi Rural Municipality

- Awareness programs on drinking boiled water, water purification methods and hand washing conducted.
- On 03 Aug, meeting called by the Health Directorate to all the health offices for preparedness and response alerting spread of cases.
- Mapping of buffer stocks for WASH inventory at the district and local levels

Kathmandu Metropolitan City

• Active WASH activities being carried out in Ward 11, 12, 13 with support from ECHO Nepal.

Risk communications and community engagement

- Cholera awareness brochures were distributed by local RRTs and district Offices.
- 10,000 pieces WASH and Cholera materials, 10,000 Pcs of Aqua tabs distributed, and miking done with support from 31 volunteers from Nepal Red Cross Societies (NRCS)
- Public Service Announcement (PSA) have been developed and disseminated in coordination with National Health Information.
- Health Directorate in the provinces rolling out risk communication and community engagement activities by activating WASH cluster.
- Cholera awareness messages is being circulated via MOHP Viber group.
- Districts have mobilized FCHV for hygiene awareness
- Press briefing done by District Health Offices maintaining one door information sharing mechanism

Vaccination

- Initiation on discussion on use of reactive vaccination campaign
- Nepal has conducted OCV campaigns in Saptari, Kapilvastu and Kathmandu Valley
- Since 2020, Ministry of Health and Population in collaboration with International Vaccine Institute's Enhancing Cholera control in Nepal (ECHO-N) with a specific objective to prevent and control cholera epidemics and strengthen capacities of local public health service to sustainably conduct cholera and diarrheal disease surveillance and control. (ref; https://edcd.gov.np/resource-detail/cholera-outbreak-response-immunization-strategic-guideline)

Supplies and Logistics

• EDCD continues to support the cholera response in Lalitpur, Kathmandu, Kailali and Pyuthan districts in coordination with the management division (MD) and Provincial Health Logistic Management Committee (PHLMC).





पखाला लाग्नबाट बच्ने उपाय

- चर्पीमा मात्र दिसा पिसाव गर्ने
- दिसा पिसाव गरिसकेपिष साबुनपानीले मिचिमिची हात धुने
- खाना बनाउनु, खुवाउनु र खानु अधि साबुनपानीले मिचिमिची हात धुने
- पानी उमालेर, फिल्टर जरेर वा एक लिटर पानीमा ३ थोपा क्लोरिन कोल मिलाएर मात्रै पिउने
- बासी, सडेगलेको, किँगा भन्केको खानेकुरा नखाने
- खानेपानीको मुहान सफा र सुरक्षित राखने





हैजा तथा काडापखाला लगायत पानीजन्य रोगहरूबाट बच्न स्वस्थ व्यवहार अपनाऔं

- उमालेर वा क्लोरिन कोल हालेर शुद्धिकरण गरिएको पानी मात्र पिऔ ।
- खानेपानीलाई सधै सफा भााडामा ढाकेर राखौ । सफा भाँडाले मात्र खानेपानी निकालौ ।
- खानेकुरालाई राम्ररी पकाएर मात्र खाऔ । सडेगलेको, बासी र भिङ्गा भन्केका खानेकुरा नखाने । खानेकुरा सफा भाँडाले ढाकेर राखौ ।
- खाना बनाउनु अघि, खाना खानु वा खुवाउनु अघि, दिसापिसाब गरेपिछ वा बालबालिकाको दिसा धोएपिछ, फोहोर चलाएपिछ, घर वा कार्यलय छिर्नु अघि, बाहिरी सामान छोएपिछ साबुन पानीले कम्तिमा १० सेकेण्डसम्म मिचिमिचि हात धोऔ ।
- साबुन पानी उपलब्ध नभएमा स्यानिटाइजर प्रयोग गरौ ।
- दिसा पिसाब चर्पीमा मात्र गरौ र बालबालिकाको दिसापिसाबलाई पनि चर्पीमा नै फ्याकौँ ।
- काडापखाला भै हालेमा तुरुन्त पुर्वजलीय कोलसँगै प्रशस्त मात्रामा पोषिलो कोलिलो खानेकुरा खाऔं ।

हैजा तथा काडापखालाका लक्षणहरू देखिएमा तुरुन्तै नजिकको स्वास्थ्य संस्थामा सम्पर्क गरौ ।

