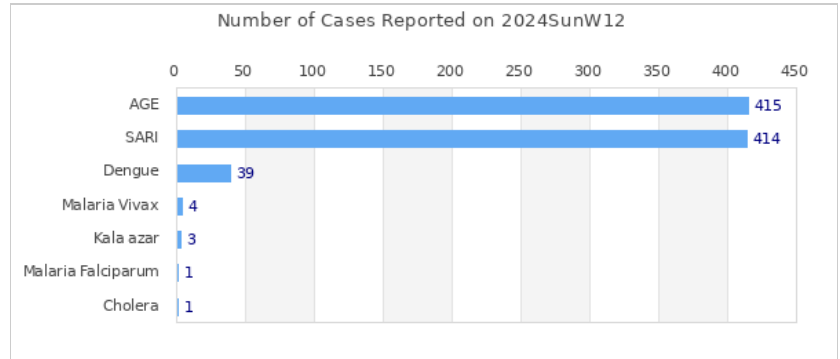




Highlights

- 1003539 cases of Corona Virus disease (COVID-19) have been confirmed in Nepal, of which 991350 cases have been recovered so far.
- Of the reported cases, AGE is the leading cause of morbidity in week 12.

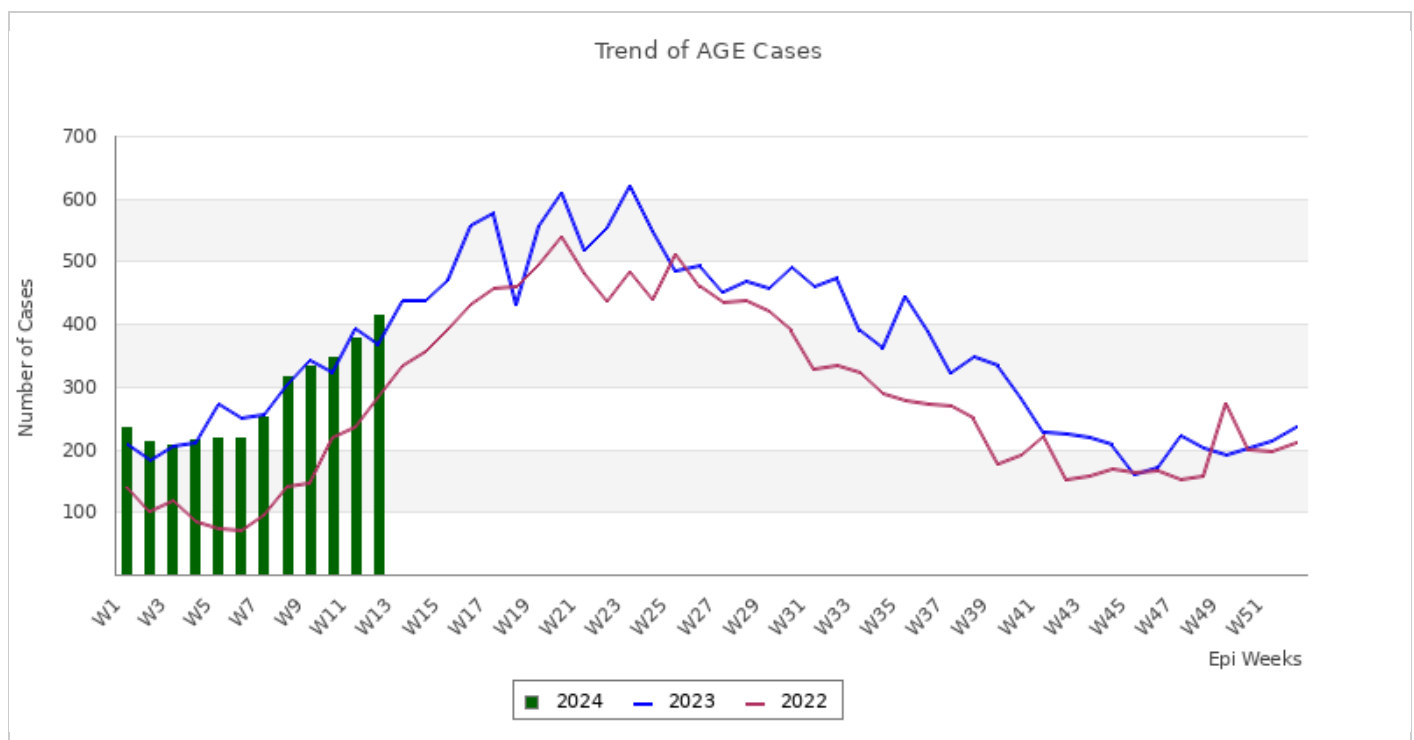


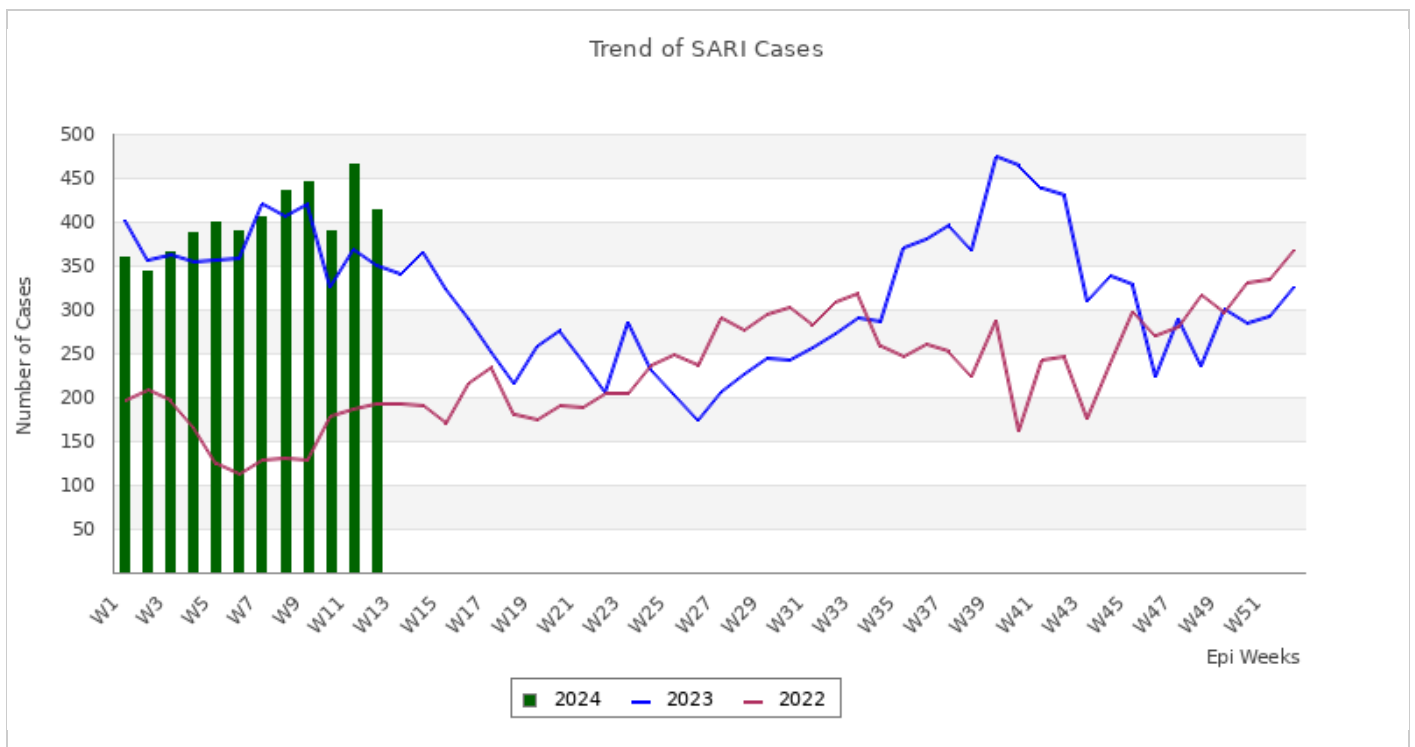
National Reporting Rate

94.1% (111 Out of 118)

Note: This bulletin includes data since January 2022 till date, including comparison of the same period last two year. Since, May 2019, 36 new sentinel sites (including public hospitals, private hospitals, and medical colleges) were added and was gradually oriented and started reporting, thus increasing the number of reporting sites. The current number of sentinel sites is 118.

Trend of Outbreak Prone Diseases/Syndromes





Comparative Analysis by Disease/Syndrome (Week 12, 2024)

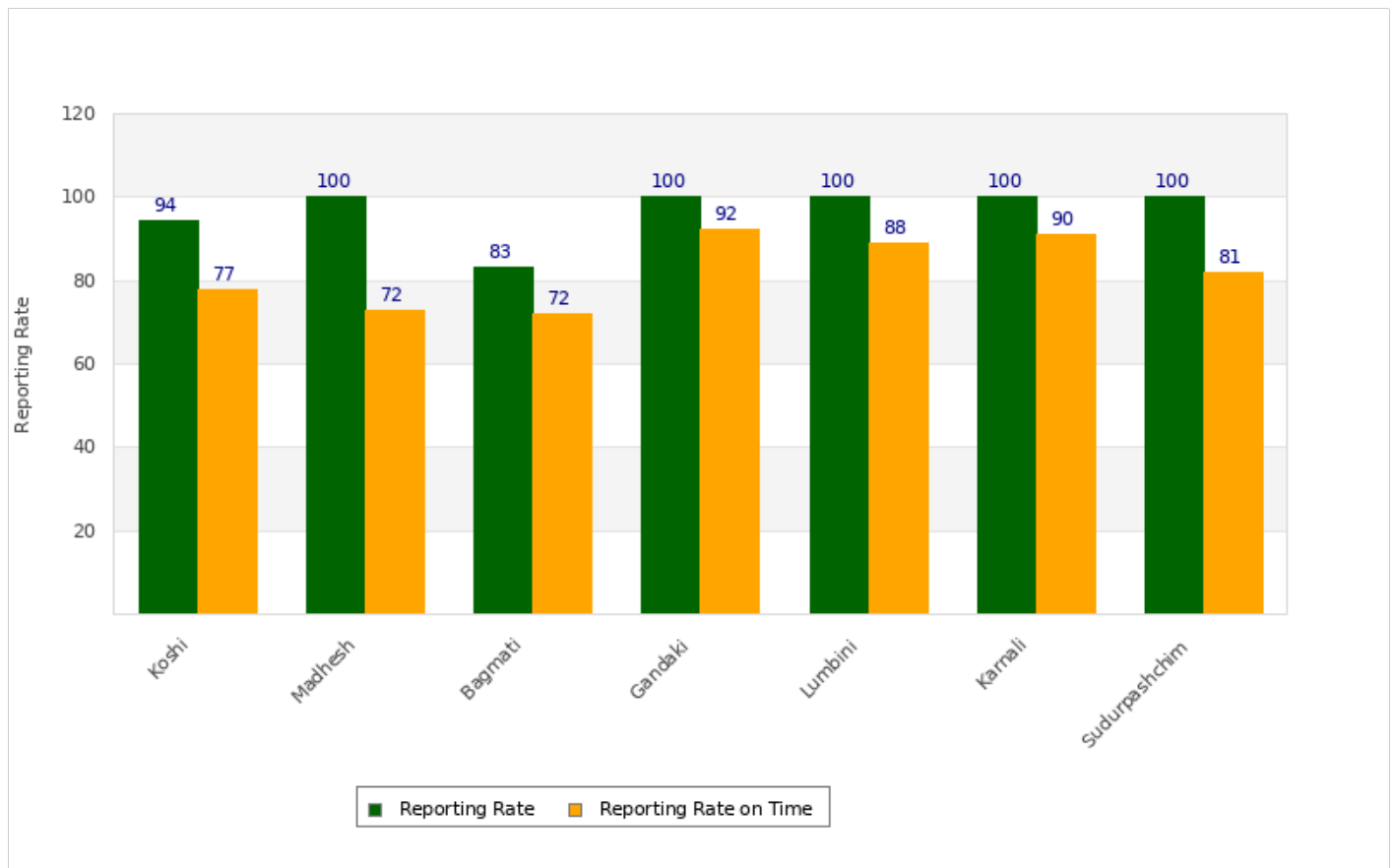
Disease	Week 11 (Previous Week)	Week 12 (This Week)	Change in No. of Cases	2023 Week 12 (Last Year Same Week)
AGE	379	415	36 ■	366
SARI	465	414	-51 ■	349
Cholera	0	1	1 ■	0
Malaria Vivax	0	4	4 ■	0
Malaria Falciparum	0	1	1 ■	0
Dengue	49	39	-10 ■	31
Kala azar	3	3	0 ■	4
Scrub Typhus	65	64	-1 ■	26
Enteric Fever	37	30	-7 ■	62
Influenza Like Illness	117	96	-21 ■	75

■ Increase in number of cases
 ■ Decrease in number of cases
 ■ No change in number of cases

Summary Observation (Week 12, 2024)

- Most of AGE cases were reported from Kathmandu (33 case), Bara (22 case), Parsa and Gorkha (20 case from each district), Bajura (15 case).
- Most of SARI cases were reported from Morang (39 case), Rupandehi (33 case), Kailali (29 case), Kathmandu (24 case), Udayapur (20 case), and Sunsari (19 case).
- Most of the dengue cases were reported from Achham (7 case), Palpa, Makawanpura and Baglung (3 case from each district).
- Most of the dengue cases were reported from Makawanpur (10 case), Surkhet (7 case), Baitadi, Dadeldhura and Doti (5 case from each district).

Province Reporting Status (Week 12, 2024)



Acknowledgement: The Epidemiology and Disease Control Division (EDCD) highly acknowledges the contribution from all the sentinel sites, medical recorders, EWARS focal persons, rapid response team members and technical support from WHO and GIZ for preparation of this bulletin.

Note: This bulletin is also available at the EDCC website. Other information can also be accessed at the website www.edcd.gov.np. If you have difficulty reading this bulletin, you can access it [online](#).